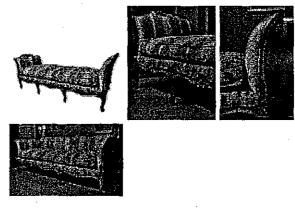
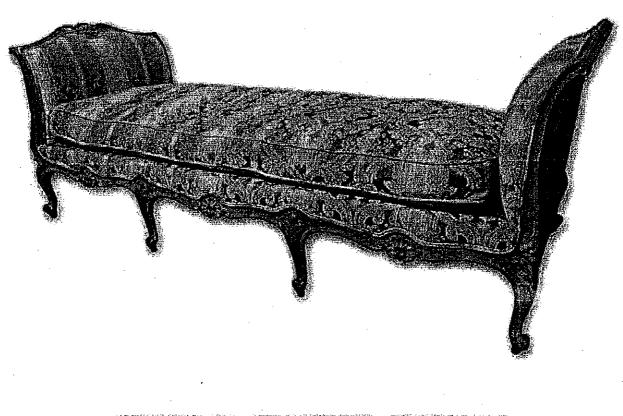


Late 18th Century Louis XV Daybed

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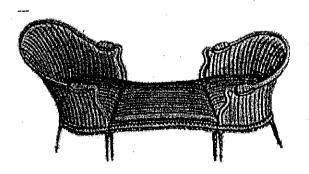




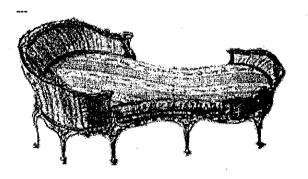


day-bed history part 3:

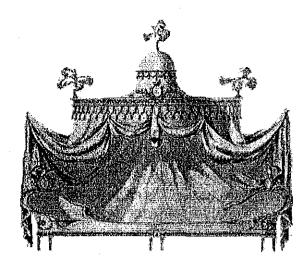
1700 - 1850



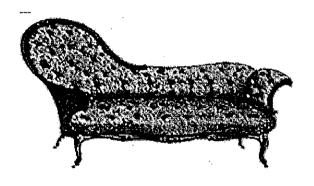
'a duchesse brisée'
the 'duchesse' was at first in three parts,
two 'gondola type' chairs of different depth and height,
combined seats end to end, with a 'labouret' between them.
still detachable to be used at two seats, with a footstool.
the later rococo merged these into a single piece,
france, 1740 ca.



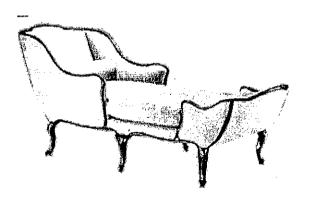
chair 'a duchesse', an upholstered one-piece relaxer, with arounded back (gondola type) and extended front so that a single person can recline, france, ca. 1760



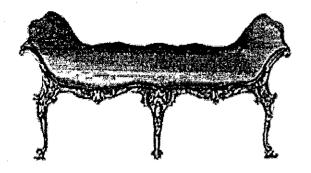
two day-beds under a baldaquin england, ca. 1760



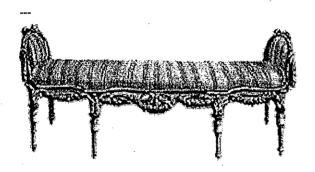
chair 'a duchesse', with continous backrest, france 1765



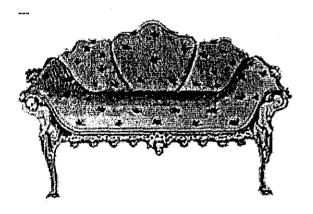
'sofa da reposo'
italy, circa 1750
the sofa da reposo or chaise founge demonstrates the fashion
in italy for imitating the court styles of louis XV.
halfway between a settee and a daybed,
the chaise lounge was intended for use in the boudoir.
the reclining back had sides like a bergere chair,
with a matching lower end situated over six cabriole legs.
this new form took into account the shape of the human body,
with consideration for the comfort of the sitter.



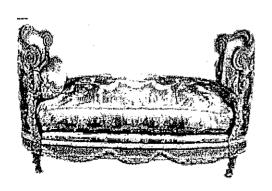
and six or four legs, with or without backs. described as 'stools for recesses of windows'.



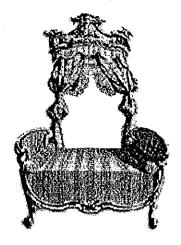
'banquette de croisée' with 8 legs



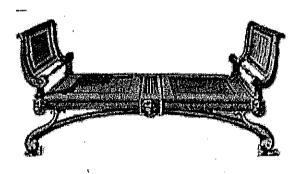
'stool' with a backrest.



short day-beds were commonly used as couches and seats, france, ca. 1775



'lit à la turque', or 'lit à baldaquin' daybed ornated by a baldaquin, in use since the end of the XVIIcentury. the canopied and posted bed was charged with social significance and carried potent social messages. france, 1800 ca.

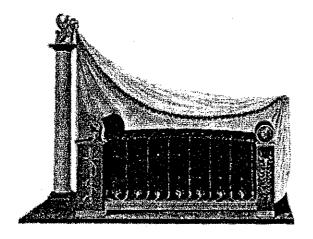


'corridor stool', 1800 ca. a double-ended backless seat, no upholstery, but used with a mattress and cushions.



'lit bateau'
the curvilinear movement is pointing out the shape
of a boat, the classical scroll-end couch of greek
derivation became immensely fashionable in the
empire period, it was generally placed against a wall
(one of the sides being deprived of ornamentation)
or placed in a alcove.

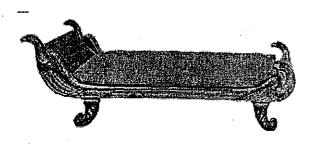
 – david's famous portrait of madame recamier shows her reclining on one (this day-bed is also called recamier).



it was often necessary to create something effective but temporary for one of the emperor's lightning visits to a provincial city, for this kind of emergency, napoleon made the the effective use of daybeds with overhanging tent-like draperies in striped materials creating a regal environment.

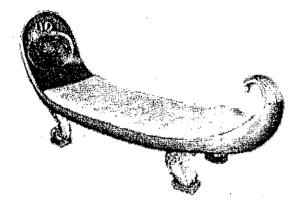


the empress joséphine's bed in the empire style, designed by napoleon's decorators, ca. 1810.
the state bed elaborated with rich hangings was used for ceremonies as well as for sleeping.

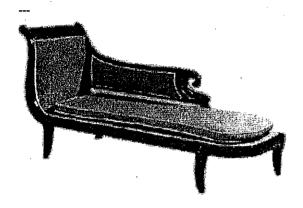


day-bed by thomas sheraton england, 1804

couch in form of an egyptian boat with crocodile feet england, ca. 1806



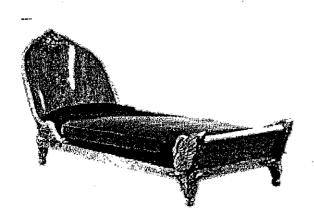
nelsons victory in the 'battle of the nil' in the early 1800's brought a wave of egyptian revival to france and england. this produced all kinds of interpretations on the egyptian style.



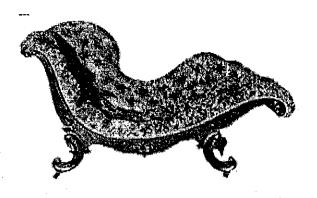
george IV day-bed, england, ca. 1800 ca.



regency recamier england, ca. 1815



russian <u>day-bed</u> first half of 19th century



'kangaroo' day-bed, possesses unconventional curves to conform with the relaxing body. virginia, usa, 1830's

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